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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/706,095	11/03/2000	Joe D. Bolding	10003154-1	5036
22879	7590 02/20/2004	EXAMI	NER	
	PACKARD COMPAN	PALADINI, ALBERT WILLIAM		
P O BOX 272400, 3404 E. HARMONY ROAD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADMINISTRATION			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	LINS, CO 80527-2400		2125) i
			DATE MAILED: 02/20/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application N .	Applicant(s)
•	09/706,095	BOLDING ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit
	Albert W Paladini	2125
The MAILING DATE of this communicatio		th th correspondence address
eriod f r Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Or after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication of the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a recon. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirt period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on		
20\□ This action is FINAL 2b)⊠	This action is non-final.	and the second s
3) Since this application is in condition for a	llowance except for formal matt	ers, prosecution as to the ments is
closed in accordance with the practice un	nder <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.D), 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application	cation.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w	ithdrawn from consideration.	
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>9-24</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)	\square accepted or b) \square objected to	by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection	to the drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	correction is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner. Note the attached	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
	lotoigh phoney under de evere	
The second of th	ruments have been received.	
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority doc2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority doc	cuments have been received in	Application No
	he priority documents have bee	n received in this National Stage
 Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International 	Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	
* See the attached detailed Office action for	or a list of the certified copies no	ot received.
See the attached detailed Office action to		
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	· - · · ·	/ Summary (PTO-413)
	.948) Paper No	o(s)/Mail Date
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTG 	O(CR/08) 5) Notice of	f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Art Unit: 2125

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 9-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 9

In lines 3-5, instructions for the device are compared with a predetermined sequence of instructions. Instructions for a device are generally prepared separately from the device, and are not generated by the device. If it is already known that these "instructions for the device" have been prepared for the device recited in the preamble, then a comparison is moot. For example, if one provides instructions on how to operate a specified lathe, and one is handed an unidentified lathe, this instruction set cannot determine of this unidentified lathe is the specified lathe. The instructions are prepared separately, and no actual information comes from the unidentified lathe.

Claim 17

In lines 7-8 instructions are received from somewhere, and in lines 9-10 these instructions are compared with a predetermined set of instructions. Instructions for computer hardware are generally prepared separately from the computer hardware, and

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- 2. Claims 9-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 9

In lines 3-5, instructions for the device are compared with a predetermined sequence of instructions. Instructions for a device are generally prepared separately from the device, and are not generated by the device. If it is already known that these "instructions for the device" have been prepared for the device recited in the preamble, then a comparison is moot. For example, if one provides instructions on how to operate a specified lathe, and one is handed an unidentified lathe, this instruction set cannot determine of this unidentified lathe is the specified lathe. The instructions are prepared separately, and no actual information comes from the unidentified lathe.

Claim 17

In lines 7-8 instructions are received from somewhere, and in lines 9-10 these instructions are compared with a predetermined set of instructions. Instructions for computer hardware are generally prepared separately from the computer hardware, and

are not generated by the computer hardware. If it is already known that these "instructions for the computer hardware" have been prepared for the computer hardware recited in the preamble, then a comparison is moot. For example, if one provides instructions on how to operate a specified lathe, and one is handed an unidentified lathe, this instruction set cannot determine of this unidentified lathe is the specified lathe. The instructions are prepared separately, and no actual information comes from the unidentified lathe.

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In addition, the preamble states that this is a hardware simulator, and not actually hardware, so that any test for "computer hardware" is moot.

Claim 22

In line 2 an instruction sequence is received from somewhere, and in lines 3-4 this instruction sequence is compared with a predetermined instruction sequence. Instructions for computer hardware are generally prepared separately from the computer hardware, and are not generated by the computer hardware. If it is already known that these "instructions for the computer hardware" have been prepared for the computer hardware recited in the preamble, then a comparison is moot. For example, if one provides instructions on how to operate a specified lathe, and one is handed an unidentified lathe, this instruction set cannot determine of this unidentified lathe is the specified lathe. The instructions are prepared separately, and no actual information comes from the unidentified lathe.

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In addition, the preamble states that this is a hardware simulator, and not actually hardware, so that any test for "computer hardware" is moot.

Claim 23

The objective of the claim as stated in the preamble is "A method of programming a computer." The first step in line 2 achieves the objective of "writing a computer program for said computer" achieves the objective of the preamble. It is not understood how "executing said executable on a simulation of said computer" contributes to programming the computer. The purpose of executing the written program on the simulation of the computer is not understood. Normally, a computer program is written, and then run on the computer. The purpose and objective of the simulation is not understood.

Claim 24

The objective of the claim as stated in the preamble is "A method of programming a computer." The first step in line 2 achieves the objective of "writing a computer program for said computer" achieves the objective of the preamble. It is not understood how detecting "whether it is executing on said computer or on a simulation of said computer" contributes any limitations to "programming the computer." The purpose and objective of the simulation is not understood.

Appropriate correction and clarification is required.

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Art Rejection

An art rejection was not provided for claims 9-24 since the objective of the invention, the method of achieving it, and the structure or steps of the operation of the invention are not clearly recited in the claims as explained in paragraphs 1 and 2.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 3. Claims 1-8 are allowed.
- 4. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: None of the references cited or the art searched disclose or teach alone or in combination the method of determining whether an electronic device is simulated by storing a first value in a memory location, executing at least one operation on electronic device which causes the data stored in memory to change value if the device is simulated, and does not cause the stored data to change value if the electronic device is not simulated, and using this a basis for comparison.

Relevant Prior Art

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Blake (5574854) discloses a method and apparatus for simulating the execution of a computer program where testers of new operating systems use a simulation by comparing an output of the simulation of an application program under the new

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operating system to see if it correctly compares to the execution of the application program under the old operating system.

Parulkar (6363509) discloses a method and apparatus for functionally testing integrated circuit chips and circuit boards where the simulated response of the design can then be compared to an expected response to determine whether or not the model of a circuit board is functioning correctly. If the model of the circuit board is not functioning correctly, the model is modified. Thereafter, the circuit board is again simulated. The process is repeated until the model of the circuit board functions correctly. In verifying the functionality of the model of the circuit board, numerous functional tests are performed and their responses obtained.

Peng (6490545) discloses a method for simulating behavior of a device for implementing using a hardware and software model where the algorithm simulation subsystem is used to verify the algorithm and compare it with the results of the software and hardware design to provide the algorithm simulation results, which are also in fixed-point data format. The algorithm simulation results are used by and verify and analyze system to output the results.

Kurosaka (6532573) discloses an LSI method to verify an equivalence between a software for realizing a predetermined function and a hardware created data where it is also possible, according to a signal I/O condition defining operation of the <u>hardware</u>, to compare a state of an output signal as a <u>simulation</u> result of the <u>hardware</u> data to a software variable as a <u>simulation</u> result of the software.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communication from the examiner should be direct to Albert W. Paladini whose telephone number is (703) 308-2005. The examiner can normally be reached from 7:30 to 3:30 PM on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Leo P. Picard, can be reached on (703) 308-0538. The official fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Albert W. Paladini Primary Examiner Art Unit 2125